

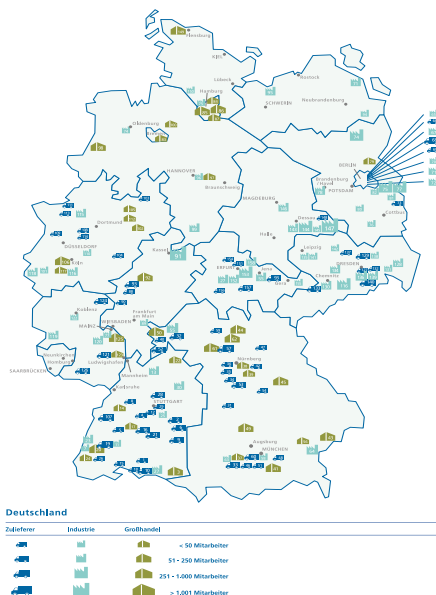


## PV InstallerMonitor<sup>©</sup> 2008/2009

The procurement management of installers in Germany –  
trends, factors of success and best-practice cases

# Agenda

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- I. Background
- II. Installers – Gate Keepers for the German PV Market
- III. Objective
- IV. Benefits of the Product for Your Company
- V. The Procurement Management of the Installers
- VI. Research Design
- VII. List of Questions (Excerpt)
- VIII. Reporting – Choice between three Report Versions
- IX. Success Potentials for Your Company
- X. Typology of the Installers
- XI. Sample Slides
- XII. Agenda of the Installer Monitor

Editorial

## I. Background

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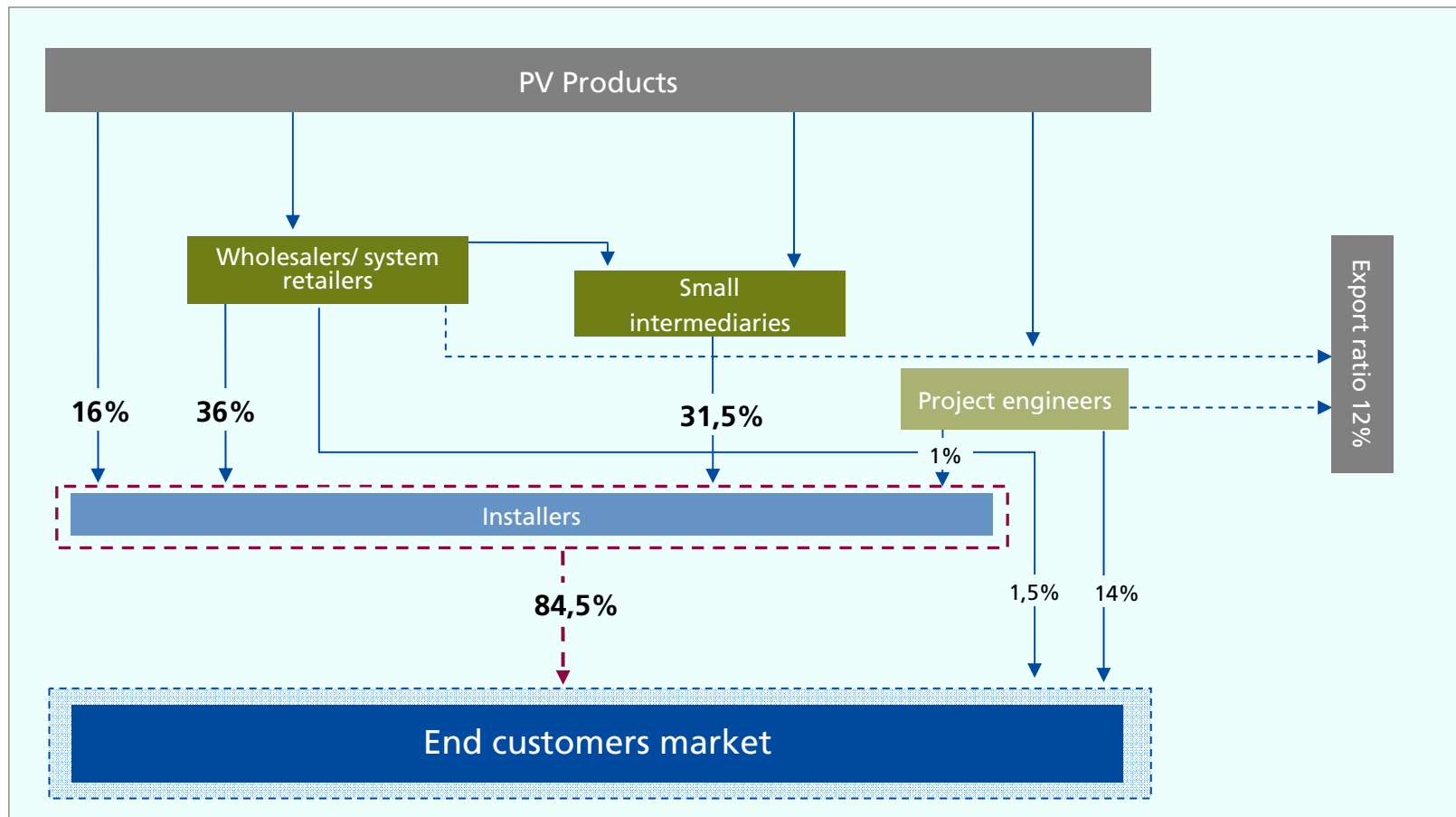
At the moment, the PV sector especially considers southern European countries like Italy to be “hot markets”. In many cases, however, it is forgotten that the German PV market is and for the time being remains the real mainstay of the global success story. There is no market in the world in which there is such a variety of market segments and niche applications as in Germany. Nowhere else is the product variety as large and nowhere are there more sales intermediaries. At the same time, the diffusion process and market penetration have progressed further than in other relevant national markets.

Against this background, EuPD Research will analyze the current developments on the German sales market, for the second time, in the form of the “PV InstallerMonitor®”. Installers in Germany play an important role as intermediaries between the producers and their products, as well as the end customers. That is why they form the ideal target group for inquiries into the developments on the sales market. While last year the relationship of installers to individual end customers was given priority, this year’s focus lies on the relationship between suppliers and purchasers. To be specific, the subject is procurement management by installers in the reflection of a soon-to-be improved product availability and a depression-induced pressure on margins from 2009 on.

By and large, EuPD Research expects significant changes in this web of relations towards existing supply structures. For module and inverter producers, system retailers, and wholesalers the right sales channel management (key word: “channel architecture”) therefore takes a notable role in the creation of strategic success potentials. The analysis will serve as an important support in evaluating the optimal positioning of these companies in Germany.

## II. Installers Gate Keepers for the German PV Market

The results of the study from 2007 show that about 85 percent of modules in the German market reach the end customers market via the installers. This trend has even grown stronger compared to 2006. Accordingly, installers were not just able to secure their importance in the German PV sales chain towards earlier years, but even extend it a little.



### III. Objective

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The growing competitive pressure in the photovoltaic sector makes it necessary to recognize and consider expectations, trends, and the competitive situation regarding the most important group of sales intermediaries – the installers.

Main objectives of the survey:

1. The display and evaluation of the sales market in Germany based on the quantitative survey of PV installers (trends, market segments, market shares, yield requirements, etc.)
2. The evaluation of existing and future procure management patterns in the different trades
3. The development of significant success factors in the relationship between suppliers and purchasers (payment conditions, delivery reliability, delivery quantity)
4. The derivation of strategic success potentials for the most important market segments (composition of product portfolio, number of suppliers)
5. The current positioning of selected module and inverter producers, system retailers and wholesalers as compared to the total market (benchmark)

## IV. Benefits of the Product for Your Company

The "InstallerMonitor© 08/09" will provide your company with decisive competitive advantages. Selected benefits are that you can...

- gain an overview of the most important brands and suppliers from the installers' perspective.
- understand the requirements of the installers regarding systems, suppliers and manufacturers.
- takes measures for positioning your company in the market that are optimally adjusted to the installers' demands.
- use detailed information on current trends in the German PV market for creating an offer that is targeted to consumers in an optimum way.

The intensity with which the topic is dealt with in the product:\*

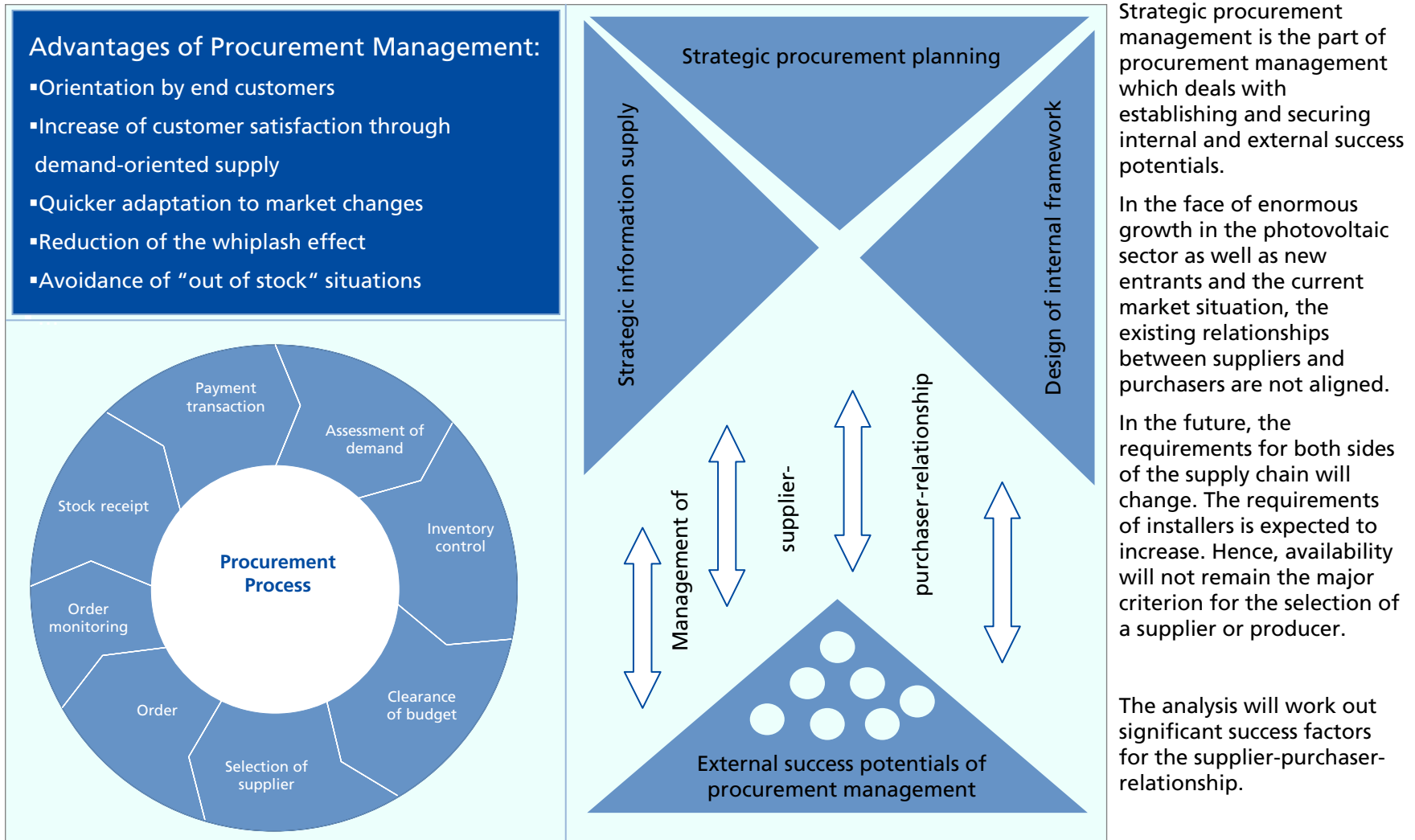


\*    low       medium to high       very high       (The product does not deal with the topic.)

The product deals with the following levels of the value chain:



## v. The Procurement Management of Installers



## vi. Research Design

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<b>Survey Method</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Undertaking of a telephone survey (CATI)</li><li>▪ Subjects: decision-makers or people involved in decisions in installation companies operating in the photovoltaic sector</li><li>▪ Length of interview: approx. 35 minutes</li><li>▪ Qualitative interviews with producers and distributors for validation of results</li></ul>
<b>Sample</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Total sample: n = 3,500</li><li>▪ About 300-400 interviews with PV installation companies</li><li>▪ Field time: August-September 2008 (main survey)</li><li>▪ Involvement of EuPD panel surveys (e.g. business climate index)</li><li>▪ Selected experts</li></ul>
<b>Interpretation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Market-representative analysis (e.g. weighted according to installed capacity)</li><li>▪ Group-related analysis (type of trade, company size)</li><li>▪ Cluster generation (market segmentation)</li><li>▪ If specific module or inverter brands can be obtained from more than 30 installers, individual interpretations are possible.</li></ul>

## VII. List of Questions (Excerpt)

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### Questions Regarding General Structural Data

- Company's core business
- Company's growth history
- Circle/range of customers
- Segmentation of the sales market according to size categories



### Questions Regarding Product Policy

- Share of specific module technologies
- Product portfolio according to brands/technologies
- Justification of the choice of suppliers or the purchase decision according to brands/technologies



### Questions Regarding Pricing Policy

- Development of purchase prices for PV modules 06-08 according to technologies and location of the producers
- Development of (end customer) system prices 06-08 according to end customer segments
- Margin requirements by the installers
- Cost structure of crystalline and thin-film PV systems
- Minimum yield requirements according to customer group



### Questions Regarding Procurement Management

- Share of procurement on total annual expenditures
- Average inventory on hand
- Contract and supply conditions (e.g. terms of payment, warranty rights, supply amounts, additional services, etc.)
- Procurement strategies (e.g. stock or on-demand procurement)
- Procurement channels 2006-2008
- Location of suppliers and if applicable market shares
- Classification of suppliers
- Quantification of satisfaction with the most important suppliers



### Questions Regarding Market Position and Strategies

- Future competitive position
- Strategies in the case of decreasing demand
- Future bargaining position towards suppliers

## VIII. Reporting – Choice Between Three Different Report Versions

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### 1. Basic Version

The basic report consists of the results of the installer survey in the form of an annotated study.

- Market-representative analysis
- Group-related analysis according to trade, size, etc.
- Display of the sales market and sales channels
- Segmentation of installers according to future strategy
- Models for successful sales architecture
- Evaluation of performance parameters (such as price, product)
- Best practices on the sales market
- Benchmark of individual supply strategies
- Relevance analyses: criteria for supplier choice
- Correlation analyses of the choice criteria
- Factors for supplier choice on behalf of the customers
- Recommendation for producers and suppliers
- General development paths in the installers' supply management

Trends, Tendencies and Success Factors

### 2. Premium Version

In addition to the information included in the basic version listed on the left, the premium version contains the following information:

- Benchmark and brand analyses of the most important manufacturers of crystalline and thin film modules (e.g. Sanyo, Mitsubishi, Schott, Solarworld, aleo, Kyocera, SHARP, Schüco, BP, Suntech, First Solar, Würth, Kaneka)
- Benchmark and brand analyses of the most important manufacturers of inverters (e.g. SMA, Fronius, Kaco, Sputnik)
- Benchmark and brand analyses of the most important suppliers (e.g. IBC, Energiebau, Donauer, Wagner, AS Solar)
- Profile sheets with detailed information about the most important manufacturers and suppliers (including information about the range of distribution, performance in comparison to the previous year, exclusivity of the brand in installer portfolios, evaluation and rating of the brands, brand characteristics and attribute association from the point of view of the installers).

Brand and Benchmark Analysis

## VIII. Reporting – A Choice Between Three Different Report Versions

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### 3. Exclusive Version

In the InstallerMonitor the interviewees are asked several questions (aided and unaided) regarding their suppliers and producers of crystalline and thin film modules, as well as inverters.

Because of the installer-representative approach, the number of references to a specific brand depends on the company's market penetration. If a company is mentioned enough times, an individual analysis can be undertaken.

#### Description of Services (will be individually adapted)

- Premium version (see slide 10)
- Additional company-specific slides
- Profile graphics for your company
- Position of your company with respect to competing companies
- Procurement management strategies of your customers
- Satisfaction with your products and the supply conditions
- Justification of the purchase decision
- Individual recommendations
- Workshop for the display and interpretation of results
- Tabular analysis of all questions (tabular report)

Your company

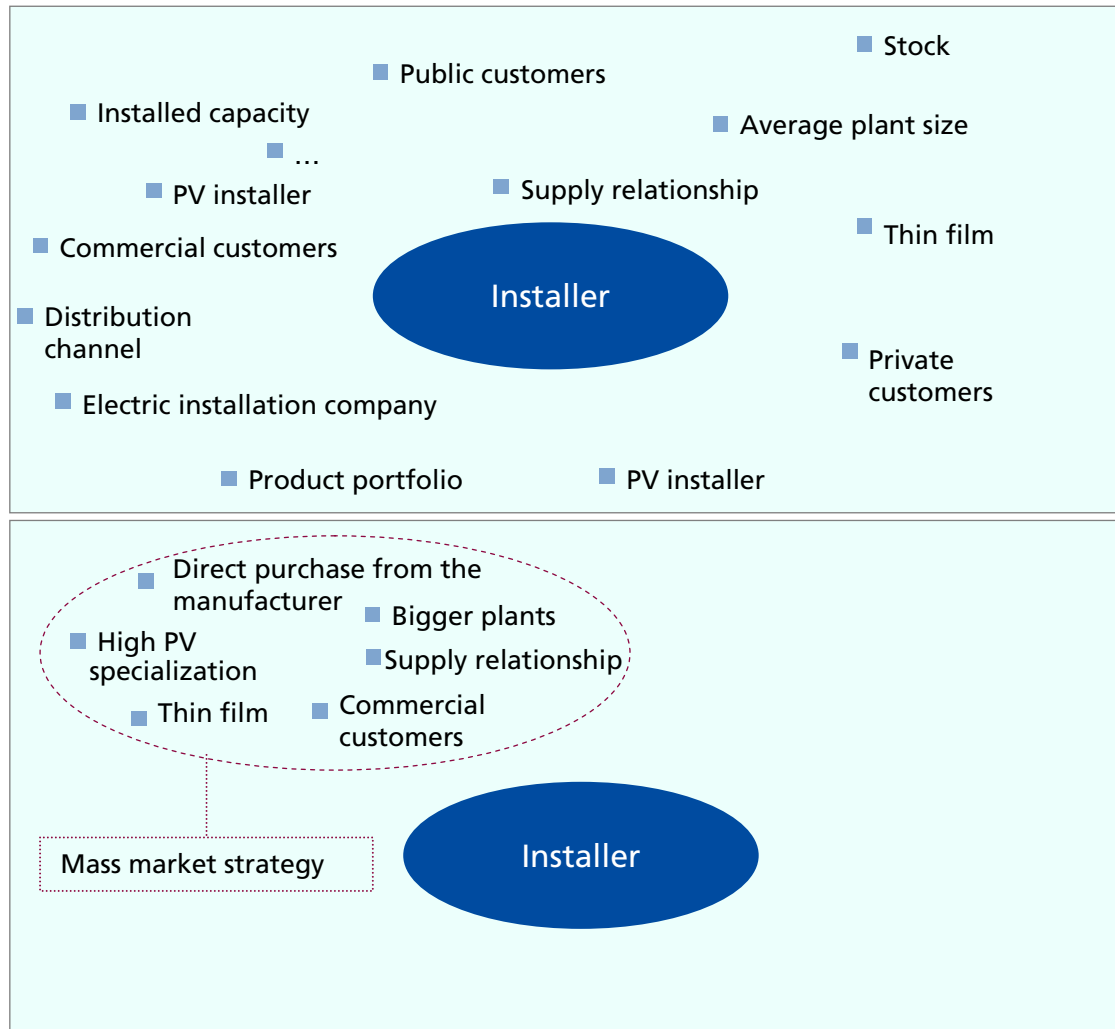
## IX. Success Potential for Your Company

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- This study offers important guidelines for decision makers in the PV sector. The basic report gives you a market-representative analysis with interpretations and recommendations for producers and suppliers of modules and inverters.
- Module and inverter producers as well as suppliers of PV products take centre stage in the premium version. A detailed brand and benchmark analysis is offered. How do the installers evaluate a brand? What are decisive factors to offer a certain module/inverter brand respectively choose a certain supplier? The premium version will give you answers to these questions.
- If you decide to purchase the exclusive version, you will also receive information specially customized to your company's needs. Thus, among other things, we show you the strategic position of your company with respect to the competition.
- The basic data was extracted from primary sources, i.e. they consist of a broad basis of current quantitative data supplemented with qualitative in-depth interviews with experts.
- Our reports illuminate the current situation as well as the developments and potentials of the solar market. Graphically enhanced annual comparisons allow for a quick overview of relevant market sectors.
- You will also receive substantiated answers on how to specifically improve business and supply relationships.

⇒ The "PV InstallerMonitor® 2008/2009" gives strategic approaches for producers and suppliers of modules and inverters in order to conduct an active quantity policy on the sales market even in times of weak demand and increased competitive pressure.

## x. Method – Installers' Typology (Simplified Illustration)



In order to understand the installer and his requirements, producers and suppliers face a big challenge. But who is **the** installer?

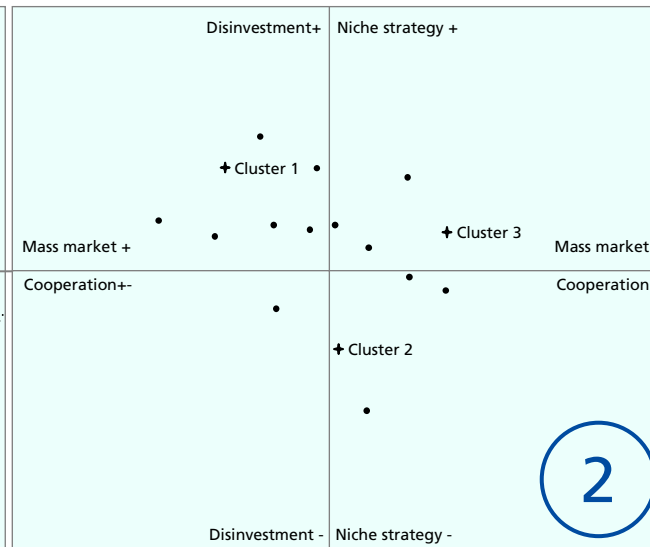
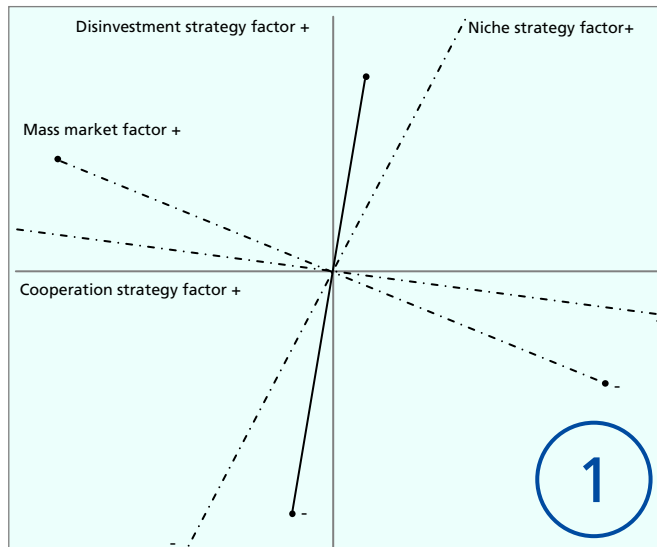
- What is his annual installed capacity?
- Does he purchase his products directly from the producer or from the wholesaler?
- ...

Efficient distribution can only be achieved if these questions are answered. Against this background different installer types (clusters) were composed by means of factor analyses. Those clusters refer to five different types of strategy.

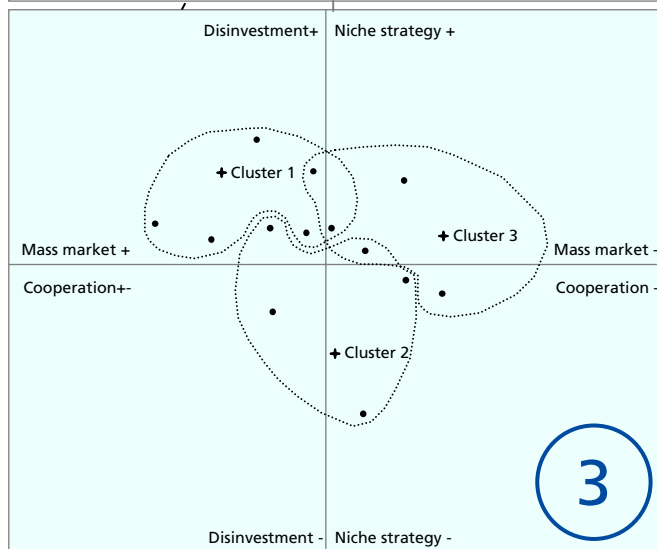
1. Mass market strategy
2. Cooperation strategy
3. Disinvestment strategy
4. Niche strategy
5. Indifferent strategy

The segmentation of installers enables the client to fulfill given requirements.

## x. Method – Installers' Typology (Detailed Illustration)



1. The four strategies (cost-leader mass market strategy, cooperation strategy, disinvestment strategy and niche strategy) span a two dimensional area with their polar extremes. The horizontal axes are defined using the mass market and cooperation factors. The disinvestment and niche factors define the vertical axes.



2. The individual cluster types are positioned between the two dimensions.

However the cluster types cannot yet be assigned specific characteristics, as the points are only defined in terms of the different strategic factors, and not to the cluster types. This occurs in the next step.

3. Using bi-variable analyses such as cross-tabulation, the cluster groups can each be assigned a level of attachment to each strategy variable.

Some clusters overlap slightly as the different strategies can apply to different clusters.

As each point is assigned to a cluster type, the cluster groups can be formed.

## x. Typology of the Installers – Description I

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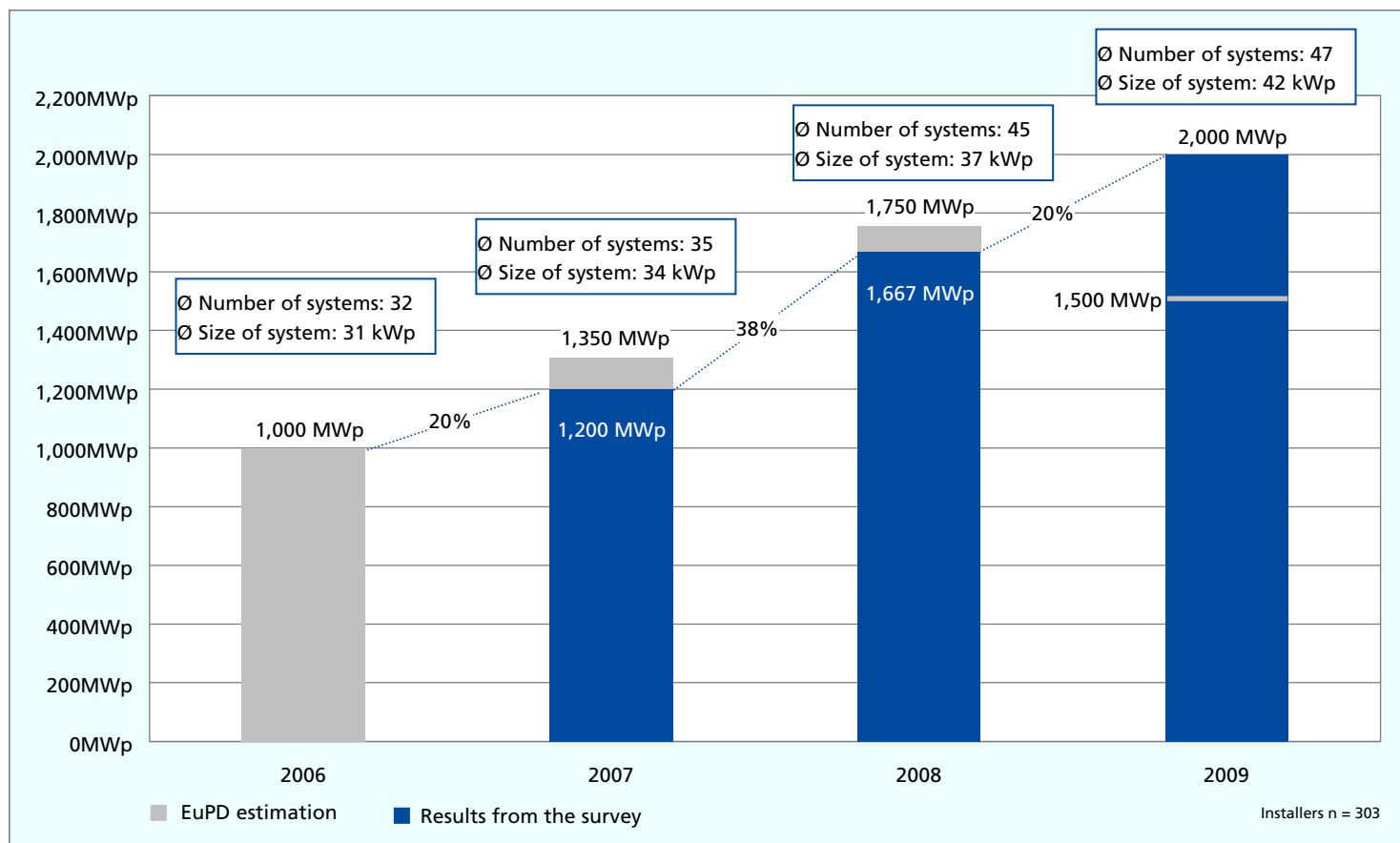
### Definition of the cluster types I

<p><b>1st SEGMENT</b></p> <p>Cost-leader mass market strategy</p>	<p><b>Strategic direction (if market competition increases):</b> 1) Concentration on larger PV projects, 2) concentration only on mass market, 3) ... 7)</p> <p><b>Descriptive factors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Mainly larger solar installers/project developers (75 percent)</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li></ul>
<p><b>2nd SEGMENT</b></p> <p>Cooperation strategy (Purchase cooperation agreements)</p>	<p><b>Strategic direction (if market competition increases):</b> 1) Reduction of suppliers, 2) ...</p> <p><b>Descriptive factors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Mainly small and medium-sized solar installers (60 percent) and electricians (26 percent)</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li></ul>

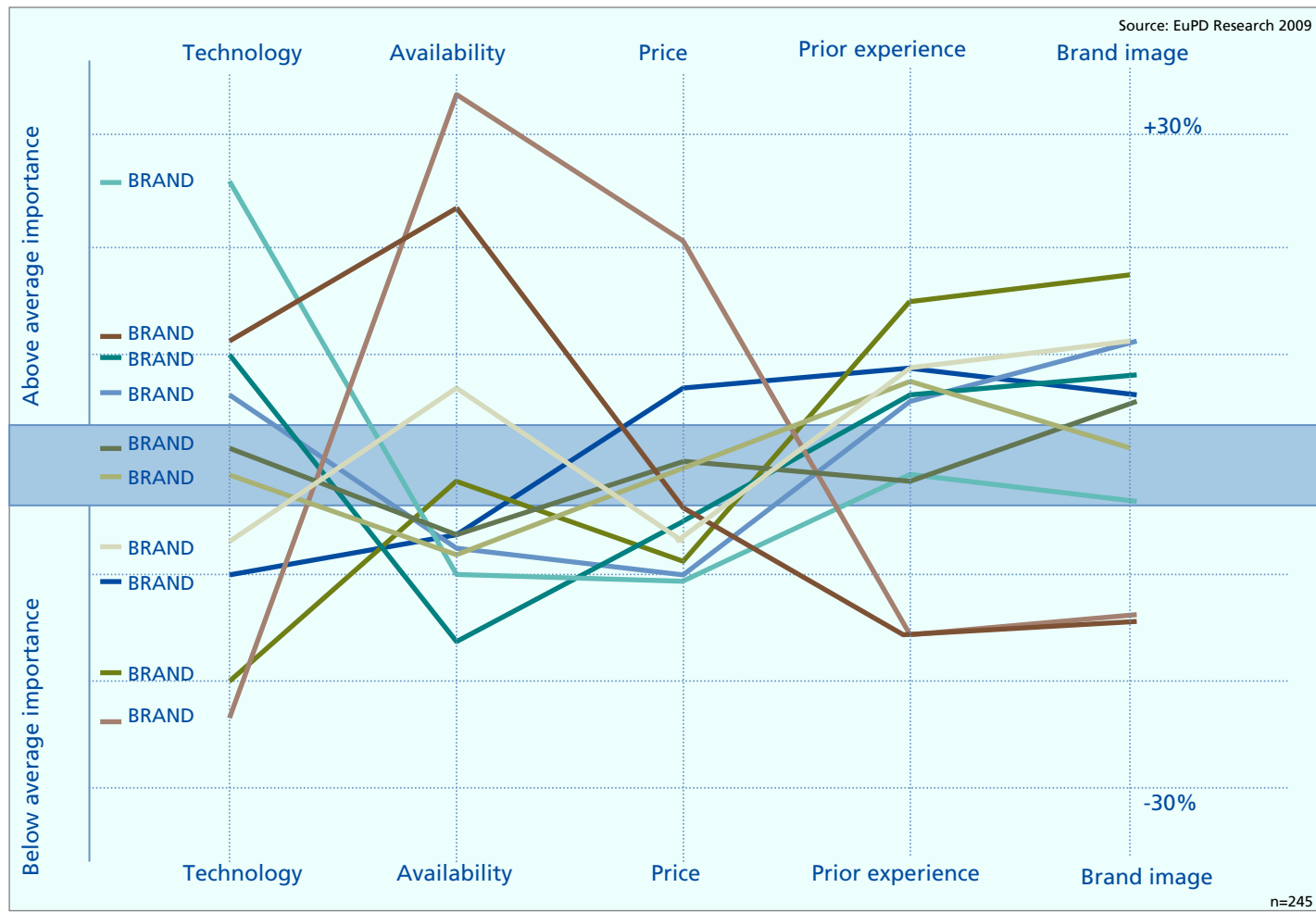
## x. Typology of the Installers – Description II

<p><b>3rd Segment</b> Disinvestment strategy</p>	<p><b>Strategic direction (if market competition increases):</b> 1) No long-term master contracts, 2) ...</p> <p><b>Descriptive factors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Mainly electricians (44 percent) and small solar installers (35 percent)</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li></ul>
<p><b>4th Segment</b> Niche strategy</p>	<p><b>Strategic direction (if market competition increases):</b> 1) Cooperation with smaller suppliers, 2) ...</p> <p><b>Descriptive factors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Small solar installers (40 percent) and electricians (31percent)</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li></ul>
<p><b>5th Segment</b> Indifferent strategy</p>	<p><b>Strategic direction (if market competition increases):</b> 1) Flexibility on procurement market, 2) ...</p> <p><b>Descriptive factors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Mainly roofers and HVAC installers (80 percent)</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li><li>▪ ...</li></ul>

# xi. Sample Slides – Business Development 2006-2009



# XI. Sample Slides – Crystalline Module Brands (Comparison of Product Characteristics)\*



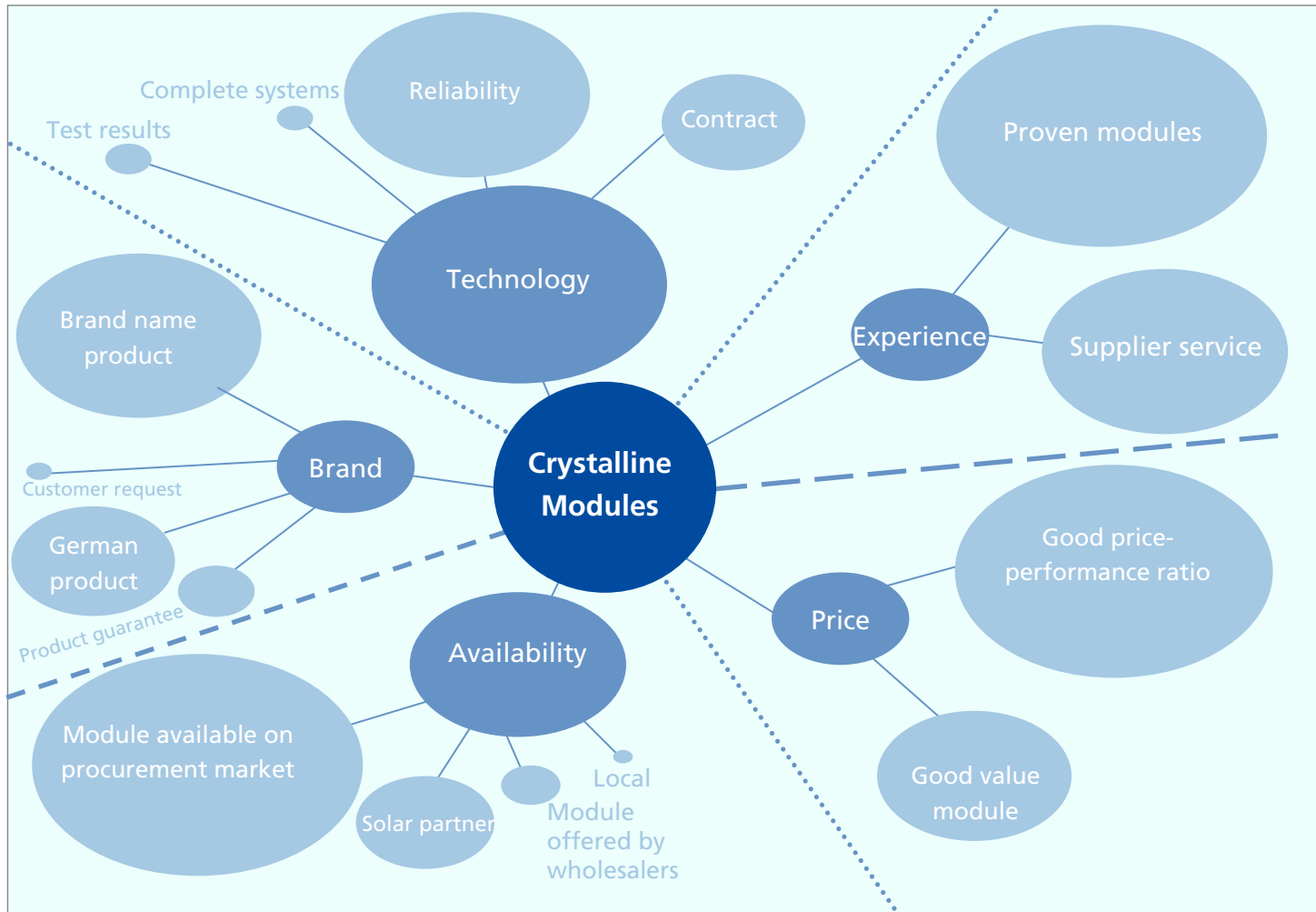
The significance of individual product attributes for the breadth of distribution is displayed in this graph. Installers were asked for the reasons for holding a specific brand in their portfolio. The blue bar displays the average importance of crystalline module brands.

It can be seen that "technology" is the most important reason to decide for a specific "brand". In other cases, however, "availability" is the selection criterion number one.

\*Diagram is an illustration and does not necessarily reflect results. Included in premium version only.

# XI. Sample Slides – Crystalline Modules (Association Tree)\*

Product characteristics and their influence on the range of distribution.



The graph on the left describes the product characteristics (in the dark blue ovals) and their influence on the overall distribution. The size of the ovals reflects the importance of the characteristics. Thus the module technology is the most important criteria overall.

Furthermore, the factors which are subsumed within each attribute are displayed in lighter blue. The size is once again an indication of the significance of the factor.

\*Diagram is an illustration and does not necessarily reflect results. Included in premium version only.

# XI. Sample Slides – Market shares (distribution ranges) inverters – an overview

Source: EuPD Research 2009

	Distribution range 2007	Distribution range 2008	Manufacturer is most important supplier	Absolut change in comparison to 2007		Distribution range 2007	Distribution range 2008	Manufacturer is most important supplier	Absolut change in comparison to 2007
SMA	*	*	*	6,1%	Steca	*	0,3%	*	*
Fronius	*	*	4,9%	*	Diehl	*	*	0,0%	*
Kaco	*	*	3,7%	*	Schott	0,5%	*	*	*
Sputnik	*	*	*	0,4%	Solutronic	*	*	*	-0,2%
Schüco	*	3,3%	*	*	Kyocera	1,2%	*	*	*
Kostal	*	*	0,4%	*	Conergy	1,0%	*	*	*
Sunways	*	*	*	-0,2%	ASP	*	0,0%	*	*
Mastervolt	*	*	0,4%	*	Mitsubishi	*	0,0%	*	*
SolarWorld	*	*	*	-1,5%	Refu	*	*	0,0%	*
Solar Konzept	0,1%	*	*	*	Sonstige	7,0%	*	*	*
Siemens	*	0,9%	*	*					
Würth Solergy	*	*	*	0,8%					
IBC-Solar	*	*	0,8%	*					
Delta	*	*	*	0,5%					
Danfoss	*	*	0,4%	*					
Vissmann	*	*	0,4%	*					

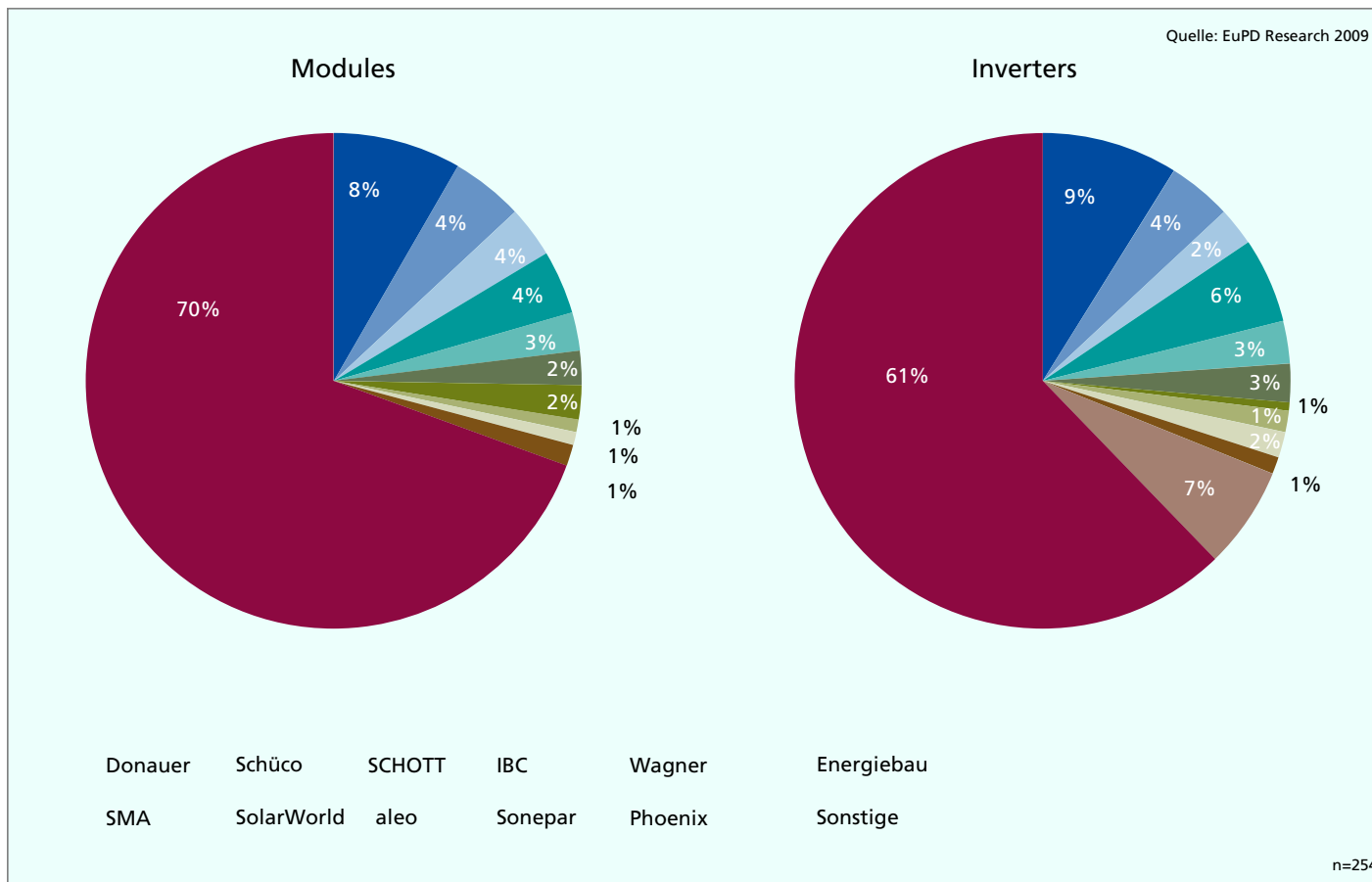
Share (columns 1-3)

- > 5%
- 1% to 5%

Change (last column)

- < 0%
- > 0%

## xi. Sample Slides – Most important suppliers of modules and inverters



The pie charts display the most important module and inverter suppliers.

The leading suppliers achieve a cumulated market share of 29 percent of modules and 34 percent of inverters. In comparison, the share of leading brands for modules and inverters is 60 and 80 percent respectively.

The high proportion of other suppliers reflects the high number of companies in total.

# XI. Sample Slides –Profile Sheet for a thin film module

### Evaluation of the brand in comparison

- Distribution range
- Performance in comparison to 2007
- Positioning in installers' portfolios
- ⇒ Evaluation of the brand\*

Competitive position

- Below average    0 Above average    +

92% is sold, 8% is not sold

\*average of bars above

### Top arguments for installers to sell the modules:

- Availability

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### Significance of individual product attributes in comparison to all thin film module brands

- rather low significance    0 rather high significance    +

Technology	0
Prior experience	-
Brand name	-
Availability	+
Price	-

### Exclusivity of the brand in product portfolio

If modules are sold, the average share that the brand has in the installers' portfolios::

- Exclusive supplier: no other thin film brand is offered
- Premium supplier: thin film brand is the most important (over 50% share)
- Complementary: brand is present in thin film portfolio without dominating (share 0%-50%)

Source: EuPD Research 2009

### Thin film share in installer portfolios

How many customers sell more than 30% thin film (specialists), how many less than 30% (space-fillers). What is the average share of modules in the thin film portfolio of both groups?

Share of thin film specialists (≥30%) among customers	16%
Ø Share of modules in specialists' thin film portfolios	100%
Share of space-fillers (<30%) among customers	84%
Ø Share of modules in space-fillers' thin film portfolios	72%

| Marks the average of all thin film brands

## XII. Agenda – PV InstallerMonitor© 2008/2009

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### A. Introduction

1. Background
2. Significance of Installers in the German Distribution Chain
3. Basics of Procurement Management
4. Strategic Procurement Management Areas
5. Research Design

### B. Current Market Situation

1. Introduction
2. Business Climate Index
3. Price Index
4. Cost Structure of PV Systems
5. Market Volume (2007-2009)
6. Chapter Summary

### C. Description of the Sample

1. Categorization According to Business
2. Installed Capacity
3. Customer Groups, System Sizes and Technologies

### D. The Procurement Management of the Installers

1. Introduction
2. Stock Management
3. Procurement Channels
4. Division of Purchase Volumes
5. Payment Conditions
6. Supply Quantities
7. Price Changes within a Contract
8. Evaluation of Purchase Prices
9. Warranty Conditions Services
10. Matrix of Relevant Criteria for Action
11. Chapter Summary

### E. Buyer Power and Dependency of the Installers

1. Current Negotiating Power and Dependency
2. Future Negotiating Power and Dependency

### F. Segmentation of the Installers

1. Introduction
2. Method
3. Typology
4. Installed Capacity
5. Sales Markets
6. Division of Purchase Volumes
7. Procurement Channels
8. Payment conditions
9. Supply Quantities
10. Price Changes within a Contract
11. Prices
12. Warranty Conditions
13. Additional Services
14. Product Portfolio
15. Power and Dependency
16. Chapter Summary

### G. Benchmark Analysis

1. Introduction
2. Crystalline Modules
3. Thin Film Modules
4. Inverters
5. Suppliers

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